

Virtual Teams: Building Engagement and Productivity

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Our agenda

- What are virtual teams?
- Benefits of virtual teams
- Challenges of virtual teams
- Implications for leaders
- Key takeaways

What are virtual teams?

Definition:

Members are geographically dispersed

Communication is technology dependent



Common synonyms:

Distributed teams Cross-border teams Global teams

NOTE: Teams can be completely virtual or partially virtual



How widely used are virtual teams?

Survey of 379 U.S. organizations:

- 46% use virtual teams
- organizations with multinational operations (66%),
 organizations with U.S.-only operations (28%)
- publicly owned for-profit companies (50%),
 privately owned for-profit organizations (46%),
 government agencies (9%)

Source: Society for Human Resource Studies



Benefits of Virtual Teams

Survey of 379 U.S. organizations:

- utilize **talent** in different locations (53%)
- boost collaboration (49%)
- improve productivity (39%)
- minimize travel costs (39%)
- carry out global projects (37%)

Source: Society for Human Resource Studies



Benefits of Virtual Teams – Post Covid-19

Also:

- Lower office space costs
- Attract, motivate, and retain employees
 - Reduced need to commute
 - Lower cost of living
 - Increased flexibility
 - Balancing work and family
 - Improved lifestyles

Challenges of Virtual Teams





Technology





Time Zones



Hierarchy





Languages



But the challenges go much deeper...

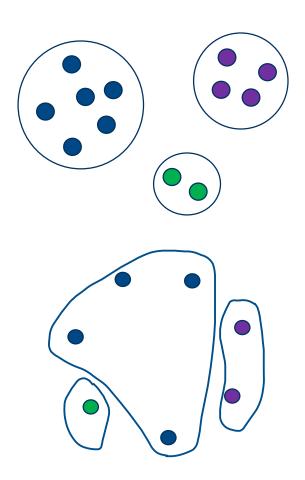
SURFACE-LEVEL CHALLENGES:

- Technology
- Time zones
- Hierarchy
- Languages



Shared Identity

Subgroups





Shared Identity



Consequences:

- Reduced <u>motivation</u> to work together
 - "Us versus Them" mentality
 - Lack of interpersonal trust
 - Lack of psychological safety
 - Information withholding
 - Conflict

Shared Understanding

Lack of "common ground"

- Shared information
- Shared context





Shared Understanding



Consequences:

- Reduced <u>ability</u> to work together
 - Miscommunication
 - Missed information
 - Mutual knowledge gaps
 - Mistakes and inefficiencies
 - Overlooked opportunities

So, what's a leader to do?

SURFACE-LEVEL CHALLENGES:

- Technology
- Time zones
- Hierarchy
- Languages



Building Shared Identity

SHARED IDENTITY

- Launch team in person
- Emphasize team goals
- Hold frequent team meetings
- Keep stereotypes in check
- Be inclusive
- Use video
- Give virtual tours
- Share 24/7 burden
- Build in unstructured time to chat
- Share and celebrate successes
- Meet in person regularly



Building Shared Understanding

SHARED UNDERSTANDING

- Schedule regular meetings
- Use multiple collaboration tools
- Pay extra attention to those who are on phone or video, non-dominant language speakers, or lower status in hierarchy
- Consider team members' other commitments
- Learn about everyone's contexts
- Regularly invite everyone's input
- Solicit diverse and dissenting opinions

Takeaways

- Leading virtual teams is even more challenging than leading traditional teams
- Virtual teams can offer important benefits for managing talent, collaboration, productivity, costs, global projects, and more
- But virtual teams also create substantial challenges:
 - "surface-level" technology, time zones, hierarchy, languages
 - "deep-level" lack of shared identity and shared understanding
- To manage virtual teams successfully, leaders need to pay deliberate and careful attention to addressing these challenges

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